## **City Sidewalks.**

Mobility is the prize...every person should be able to safely get anywhere anytime at a reasonable cost. Personal vehicles, buses, trains and bikes, motorized or not, are the many technologies of travel available in a complete multi-modal transportation system. Walking is inherently a part of each mode whether the walk to the car is short or the walk from the bus stop to work is long; in every case, walking is required.

Walking is served by pathways and sidewalks. The development of pathway and sidewalk systems is the responsibility of local government including small cities and towns. While walking in the street or through the travel lanes of a parking lot are all too common, they are not the best answer to improving pedestrian safety. Dedicated paths and sidewalks for robots, motorized scooters and electric bikes may be next.

## Utility Corridors. Sidewalks in urban areas



Non-vehicular pathways with designated lanes for walkers, bikers and skaters are here; robot lanes may be next.



Sidewalks need to be ready for anything.

also are convenient corridors for utilities. Certainly streetlights, directional and safety signs, plants and furniture are commonly located between vehicular travel lanes and buildings. 5G equipment will also occupy this space along with utilities, stormwater facilities and facilities for the physically impaired. Outdoor dining and merchandise racks must also be accommodated in selected spots. Sidewalks are crowded places, even before the crowds arrive.

New Users. Planning for the many uses of the space between streets and buildings is not to be taken lightly. The following design ideas offer thoughts on how to consider the various demands placed upon this interstitial space. Thinking beyond current users to include robots, drop-off areas for autonomous vehicle drivers, food trucks and last-mile delivery trucks is the challenge. "Everyone is fighting for curb space"; design and permitting need to respond.