From the Planners' Bookshelf...

The Image of the City.

Kevin Lynch, The M.I.T. Press, Cambridge, 194 pages, 1960.

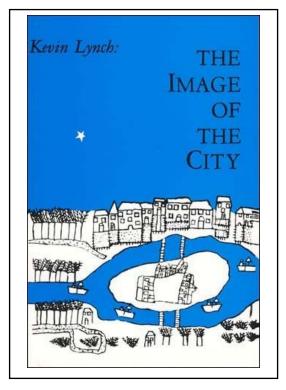
Summary.

Kevin Lynch is one of the all-time best contributors to the art and science of city design. *The Image of The City, published in 1960*, contains many terms and ideas that are now clichés. He develops theory and language based on his study of three towns: Boston, Jersey City and Los Angeles.

The book is short, only some 120 pages of discussion followed by 70+ pages of case studies. Summarizing such a rich and compact presentation is not necessary since the work itself is so readily available; however, there are several ideas to highlight. First, Mr. Lynch presents the city as an emotional experience that exists in different weathers and lights, at different times of day and season and at different points in history. We can never see the entire city, we only see and experience pieces. The city always changes; one never finds the city the same from day to day.

The second notion is his observation that "We are not simple observers of this spectacle, but are ourselves a part of it, on the stage with the other participants."

There is no end state. The city goes on and on. "There is no final result, only a continuous succession of phases." This is an often overlooked facet of cities when considering improvements and budgets. While safety considerations demand priority, most projects can be scheduled over some extended time frame.



Summary YouTube Published Reviews

Everything does not have to be done now, or done all at once. Time is an asset not well used.

ELEMENTS OF THE CITY. In Chapter III, Mr. Lynch gives us his list of the elements of the city along with a concise definition of each.

- 1. Paths,
- 2. Edges,
- 3. Districts,
- 4. Nodes, and
- 5. Landmarks.

The elements offer an organizing framework still useful in the post-urbanist world. He relates these to three towns he studied which provides a useful demonstration of his thought process and offers a nostalgic look at the three towns for those familiar with them now or in their heyday of the 1950s.

From the Planners' Bookshelf...

One could get the sense that over the past half century, we have not progressed in creating livable cities.

Chapter IV is where the action starts. Mr. Lynch starts his journey for "forming our new city world into an imageable landscape: visible, coherent and clear." He previously used the term urban design, not a common term in his day. He observes that objects, like a tree, while beautiful are single purpose. "A city is a multipurpose, shifting organization." City planning and design needs to respond to this temporally. Chapter V continues his innovative thoughts with discussions about:

- "a large city can have a sensuous form",
- A metropolis will have a "complicated pattern, continuous and whole, yet intricate and mobile",
- "sense of place",
- "By the intensity of life itself and the close packing of its disparate people, the great city is a romantic place, rich in symbolic detail."

He concludes by saying the visual and sensual aspects of the present and future city should become a normal and integral part of the comprehensive plan.

As discussed in "The City Sociable" [Chapter 16 in *Character Towns, A Practitioners' Guide for Planning Small Cities and Towns*], social infrastructure and program are necessary parts of the city's General Plan. Cities and towns are emotional experiences; the best cities use their economic and physical assets to create a sense of well-being, curiosity, fulfillment and joy. This chapter goes on to discuss the holistic nature of the city and to remind the reader that the list is for the convenience of analysis and study; "they will act as building blocks for the designer." Their combinations, context and sequences are the stuff of city planning and design. Painting the entire picture is the purpose.

Borr	1	Kevin Andrew Lynch January 7, 1918 <u>Chicago, Illinois</u>
Diec	I	April 25, 1984 (aged 66) <u>Aquinnah, Martha's</u> <u>Vineyard, Massachusetts</u>
Insti	tutions	Massachusetts Institute of Technology (1949–1978)
<u>Alma</u>	a mater	<u>Massachusetts Institute of</u> <u>Technology</u>
Maii inte	n rests	<u>Urban</u> planning; environmental psychology; urban form
Prin idea	cipal s	<u>Mental</u> mapping; <u>wayfinding;</u> imageability
Maj	or works	<u>The Image of the City</u> What Time is This Place? A Theory of Good Urban Form
Nota awa		Rexford G. Tugwell Award (1984)

From the Planners' Bookshelf...

YouTube: In addition to the reviews cited below, check out:

Obraz Miasta "The Image of the City" Kevin Lynch ARCHIVOLTA



Kanał użytkownika WydARCHIVOLTA

"Mr. Lynch discusses his five types of elements of the city in the context of Los Angeles: edges, nodes, districts, landmarks and paths." LINK: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OHwbRLu0ymo</u>

Published Reviews.

• Review: Kevin Lynch – The Image of the City

by Michiel de Lange on May 8, 2009

"As part of a new effort of The Mobile City to compile an ever-expanding <u>overview of</u> <u>literature</u> relevant to our themes, I will review this oldie-goldie published in 1960. I particularly assess its enduring relevance for understanding the current relation between mobile & locative media and the city." LINK:

http://themobilecity.nl/2009/05/08/review-kevin-lynch-the-image-of-the-city/

• The Image of the City

by <u>Kevin Lynch</u>

4.00 rating details 1,623 ratings 65 reviews

"What does the city's form actually mean to the people who live there? What can the city planner do to make the city's image more vivid and memorable to the city dweller? To answer these questions, Mr. Lynch, supported by studies of Los Angeles, Boston, and Jersey City, formulates a new criterion--imageability--and shows its potential value as a guide for the building and <u>...read more</u>" LINK: http://www.goodreads.com/book/show/647351.The_Image_of_the_City

Wednesday, May 28

Book: The Image of the City

topic: Reading List

"Kevin Lynch's <u>The Image of the City</u>, published in 1960, is well-established as a classic text of urban design and planning. The primary insight developed in this small book is that the structure of a city exists not only in physical reality but also in the minds of its inhabitants. This thesis of "imageability" launched another angle from which city planning could be researched and organized around. True to his era, Lynch emphasized such traits as efficiency and tended toward abstract principles, but I think there are still valuable lessons that can be gleaned from his approach."

LINK: http://discoveringurbanism.blogspot.com/2008/05/book-image-of-city.html